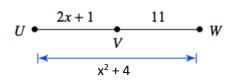
1)



2) Points X, Y, and Z are collinear with Y in between X and Z. Use the following information to solve for x.

$$XY = 3x + 9$$
 $XZ = x^2 + 2x + 7$ $YZ = 4$

W =

$\mathbf{x} =$	 XZ =	

3) Find the exact length of the line segment from A(0,-1) B(3,-4)

4) *K* is the midpoint between *J* and *L*. Find the coordinates of K. Then find the sum of the x-coordinate and the ycoordinate.

$$J(4,-2), L(-2,-1)$$

Midpoint K _____

x-coordinate of K _____ y-coordinate of K_____

sum ____ $AB = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

5) M is the midpoint of segment NC. Find the missing parts. Find the sum of the missing parts.

N(-7,a)M(3.8)C(b,4) 6) Use the ratio to solve for BC.

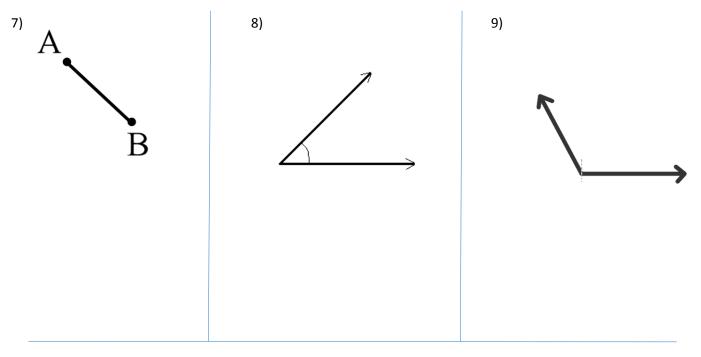


$$\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{1}{6}$$
 and AB = 2x - 7, BC = $x^2 - 14$

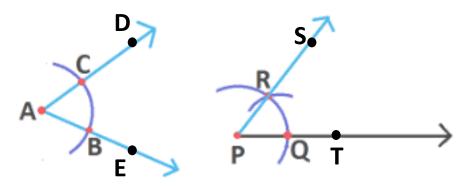
a = _____ b = ____

sum = _____

Copy the segment and angles using construction techniques. Use proper notation (prime notation) on copies.



The following diagram shows the construction of $\angle P$ so that $\angle A \cong \angle P$. Use the diagram to answer questions 10 and 11.



10) Is $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{PQ}$? Use proper notation and vocabulary to describe how you know.

11) Is $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{PS}$? Use proper notation and vocabulary to describe how you know.